

Happy Hooligan and Dr. Dippy, Lulu and Leander, No Wedding Bells for Him, and Jimmy Hurries—all in Funny Section Tomorrow.

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An adv that doesn't tell the truth is a good deal like a glass of water colored to look like wine—the drinker isn't liable to come back for more after the first swallow.—Rusty Mike's Diary.

BOLLIVER JOINS THE ANTI-SMOOT LODGES

Vote in the Committee on Privileges and Elections Is Adverse.

Method of Separating the Utah Senator From His Seat Is Left to the Senate.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, D. C., June 1.—The result of today's meeting of the senate privileges and elections committee caused general surprise as the feeling prevailed that in the absence of Senator Depew the members of the committee in attendance would be deadlocked for and against Smoot.

This feeling grew out of the fact that Senator Dilliver, who held the key to the situation, had told several senators, among them Smoot, that he would not vote for an anti-Smoother. Among those who shared in the surprise at today's action was Smoot himself, who did not look for adverse action on the part of the committee.

Dilliver Asks Questions.

At today's meeting there was a full attendance with the exception of Senator Depew, and a very general discussion of the testimony in the case took place. Senator Dilliver became the questioner, and asked the Smoot supporters some pertinent questions. One of these, directed particularly to Senator Knox, was: "Are any leaders of the Mormon church now living in polygamy, and raising children through polygamous marriages?"

Smith's Testimony Settles It.

Senator Knox said that he thought a few of the leaders were still living in polygamy, and Chairman Burrows supplemented his statement by reading an extract from the testimony of President Joseph Smith covering this point.

Dilliver then asked if Senator Smoot as an apostle or senator had publicly and with determination opposed the practice of his fellow leaders. Senator Smoot, Knox and Beveridge, to whom the inquiry was directed, were unable to produce any testimony from the proceedings to show that Smoot had taken such a stand.

Dilliver asked a number of questions of the same tenor, to which no answers satisfactory to him were returned.

Vote Is Taken.

At the close of the discussion a vote was taken on the Dilliver resolution, which is: "Resolved, That Reed Smoot is not entitled to his seat as senator of the United States from the state of Utah."

Those voting for it were: Burrows, Dilliver, Dubois, Bailey, Pettus, Overman, Frazier.

Those against it: Beveridge, Dillingham, Knox, Hopkins, Bailey and Overman.

Foraker Submits Amendment.

Having adopted the Dilliver resolution the committee proceeded to carry it into effect. Senator Foraker submitted an amendment to the Dilliver resolution providing that Smoot should be excluded by a vote of the majority of the senate declaring his seat vacant. For this amendment those voting in the affirmative were Burrows, Dubois, Pettus, Bailey and Overman.

In the negative, Foraker, Beveridge, Dillingham, Knox, Hopkins, Bailey and Overman.

A motion was then presented by Bailey providing for the expulsion of Smoot. This motion there was a tie vote. For that it being all five Democrats, and Senator Burrows, and those against it being Dilliver and the five pro-Smoother Republicans.

Report Authorized.

The committee instructed Chairman Burrows to submit the report which he has had in preparation for some time, at the next regular meeting of the committee, and this will be done Friday next when the committee will take action upon it, and it is expected that the report will be signed by all the senators who today voted against the Dilliver resolution.

When asked how the conversion of Senator Dilliver was accomplished Dubois said:

"We were sure of Dilliver at the time he was appointed on the committee. Later we looked upon him as doubtful because there was influence being brought to bear upon him from the White House, and so we got his home people busy, and they brought him to time."

Senator Dubois does not believe there will be many speeches in the senate on the Smoot case. He himself would be willing to limit the speeches to two, one from Burrows and one from Sutherland, and if there is a general debate Dubois will

take part, and possibly will make a speech when he presents petitions from Utah, Idaho and other states from which petitions are being held in reserve.

Plans of Burrows.

It is the present intention of the anti-Smoother forces to have the committee report against Smoot submitted to the senate on Friday, June 8, and on the following Monday Chairman Burrows will make a speech in the senate in support of the resolution for Smoot's expulsion or exclusion from the senate. It is his intention to have all the petitions which have been filed against Smoot, running up into the millions, brought into the senate when he delivers his speech, and the event will be one of the most spectacular and sensational that has been witnessed in the senate chamber.

Smoot Wants It Settled.

Senator Smoot and his friends do not appear to be greatly disturbed by today's action of the committee. When asked about the present status of his case, Smoot said:

"Since the day this case was commenced I have wished for an early termination and would be glad to see it disposed of at this session of congress, and I believe it will be. I have not urged the committee or my fellow senators to expedite the case, because I did not think it proper to make any suggestions or give any advice about it. I have been at the disposal of the committee at all times, and have not caused any delay in the present session of congress. I am anxious to have it disposed of. If there is any delay it will not come from me or my friends."

Sutherland Side-Steps.

Senator Sutherland also said he thought the case would be disposed of this session. He thought it proper that a vote should be reached without delay. When his attention was called to the statement of Dubois that he would be ready to leave the discussion of the case to Burrows and himself, Sutherland said that, even were such an arrangement made, he would not be willing to assume the responsibility, but might be willing to see Smoot represented in a single speech from Senator Foraker.

If debate becomes general Sutherland will speak in behalf of his colleague. Members of the committee on privileges and elections, who have been at the vesting with the Smoot case for nearly four years, are anxious to have a vote taken upon it this session and express the opinion that the case will be disposed of before the session closes.

Some Doubts Expressed.

Notwithstanding this desire, and the positive declarations of Burrows and Dubois, the opinion prevails generally that a vote will not be reached this session, especially if the debate threatens to become general and to prolong the sitting of congress beyond the middle of June.

Unless the privileges and elections committee at its next meeting provides some modus operandi, which the senate will report, the Dilliver resolution, the whole recently reached a deadlock, and the tangled question of parliamentary procedure, involving constitutional problems, will be shoved into the senate for solution, and this will involve an interminable debate before definite action in the exclusion or expulsion of Smoot can be reached.

LIVELY FIGHT IN CAFE

Bingham Junction Restaurant Man and Wife Give Drummer Time of His Life.

(Special to The Herald.)

Bingham Junction, June 1.—Frank Crox was bound over to the district court today on a charge of assault and battery. Crox is a restaurant man and had trouble recently with a drummer over a meal. In the discussion Crox hit the salesman over the head with a club. Mrs. Crox took part in the fight using the butcher knife on the drummer. She nearly cut a finger off. When arrested Judge Williams held Crox under \$25 bonds and Mrs. Crox under \$10. At the trial yesterday Judge Williams released Mrs. Crox and bound her husband over to the district court.

SPECIAL SESSION CALLED.

Sacramento, June 1.—Governor Pardee tonight issued a proclamation convening a special session of the state legislature to assemble Saturday next. In the call is enumerated the legislation which it is desired to enact as a result of the recent catastrophe in San Francisco, Santa Rosa and San Jose.



THOMAS E. BOOTH FOR ATTORNEY

Name of Lippman's Successor to Be Sent to the Senate Next Week.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, June 1.—The Utah senatorial delegation has recommended to the president the name of a successor to United States Attorney Lippman, and expects that the nomination will be made within the coming week. The nominee is expected to be Thomas E. Booth, who has been the choice of the Utah senators ever since it became certain they would have the naming of Lippman's successor.

Recent charges against Booth in connection with his duties as United States commissioner, forwarded to the president and referred to the department of justice for consideration and report, have been in the hands of the department for over a week, and a report is expected soon.

If the report is favorable to Booth, his nomination will not be delayed. The Utah senators do not expect that the charges will prove a serious obstacle to Booth's candidacy.

STOCKHOLDERS ALL RICH

Will Have to Make Good for the Traders' Insurance Company of Chicago.

San Francisco, June 1.—At a conference today of the committee representing the San Francisco policy-holders in the Traders' Insurance Company of Chicago, now in the hands of a receiver, it was decided to report to the policy-holders next Monday that, under the law, the stockholders in the insolvent company are responsible and can be reached through the federal courts.

The names of the directors and of the principal stockholders of the company have been ascertained since the meeting of Thursday. The directors are Ebenezer Buckingham, C. I. Hutchins, Clarence Buckingham, William Dickinson, Abram Poole, John J. Mitchell, T. J. Leffens, Ernst Hamill and A. N. Young.

The combined wealth of the directors alone is estimated at \$5,000,000. Attorney Bates, who said he represented eight or ten of the stockholders and suggested a settlement of 60 cents on the dollar at a meeting of the stockholders yesterday, did not appear before the committee today.

STRIKE IS SETTLED.

Springfield, Ill., June 1.—The joint convention of coal miners and operators of Illinois formally adopted without a dissenting vote today the joint scale committee's report. An agreement was drawn up and signed by a committee of three operators and three miners. The agreement holds until March 31st, 1908. This ends the coal strike in Illinois which involved 60,000 miners who have been idle for two months.

FEDERATION OF MINERS.

Denver, Colo., June 1.—The members of the executive committee of the Western Federation of Miners completed their reports to the convention today. The remainder of the day was taken up with proposing amendments to the bylaws.

STRUCK BY TORNADO.

Vinita, I. T., June 1.—A tornado struck this section last night. No damage was done here. At Claremore, the Nelson building, unoccupied; the Farmers' National bank building, in course of construction; three residences and numerous smaller buildings were demolished. James Packard and a boy named Shelton were hurt but not dangerously.

ROPE FOR BARRINGTON.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 1.—The supreme court today affirmed the decision in the case of "Lord" F. Seymour Barrington, condemned to death for the murder of James P. McCann, and fixed the date of execution for July 28.

BEVERIDGE HAS PLAYED FALSE

Plot to Put the Senate in a Hole on the Statehood Question.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, June 1.—The latest move in the controversy between the senate and house on the statehood question has just been revealed in connection with the plan to bring in a report from the conference committee tomorrow. This report is to provide for the immediate admission of Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state with the further provision, in the exact language of the original Foraker amendment, that Arizona and New Mexico shall vote separately on the question of their admission as one state.

Will Try the Senate First.

This report is to be submitted first to the senate for its action. Should it be rejected, as has been predicted by those who have made a close canvass of that body, the responsibility for the failure to admit Oklahoma and Indian territory and also the failure to allow the other two territories to themselves decide the question of their admission will be placed with the senate.

Should this report fail of ratification in the senate, the house will meet the case without further action of any kind, after emphasizing the fact that the senate and not the house is responsible for the failure of action.

Will Let Statehood Drop.

The Foraker amendment, as it is known, is the exact opposite of what the "statehood insurgents" made their losing fight in the house when the bill was under consideration in that body.

Speaker Cannon and house leaders who have supported him in his statehood position have carefully considered the present movement and indications point to the conclusion that they are willing to drop the question indefinitely should the senate refuse to accept this basis of compromise.

Senate Will Not Agree.

After it became known in the senate that the conference had agreed upon the Foraker amendment of a year ago and had abandoned the Burrows amendment, the senate was taken by surprise. A poll was taken to determine the acceptability of the report. The Democrats were united against it unless it should be by the adoption of the Foraker amendment to the bill passed at this time.

The senate was not in a position to accept the Foraker amendment separately to the people of Arizona and New Mexico at a special election. The senate was not in a position to accept the Foraker amendment unless it should be by the adoption of the Foraker amendment to the bill passed at this time.

SUBWAY FIRE CAUSED PANIC OF PASSENGERS

New York, June 1.—By a collision in the subway tonight between trains of empty cars a short circuit was caused which resulted in the burning of four cars, a panic in the train crowded with passengers and the suspension of traffic from Ninety-third street to the King's bridge.

The accident occurred just below the One Hundred and Tenth street station on the Broadway line. A northbound passenger train ran the gamut of the flaming cars and reached the One Hundred and Tenth street station, where the passengers, panic-stricken by the darkness and smoke, had the utmost difficulty in reaching the street. Several women fainted, but all escaped unhurt. In consequence of the dense smoke hours elapsed before the firemen could enter the subway and extinguish the flames.

PATTERSON NOMINATED.

Nashville, Tenn., June 1.—Malcolm R. Patterson of Memphis, representative in congress from the Tenth district, was tonight nominated for governor by the state Democratic convention, no other name being presented for consideration. The nomination came after four days of the stormiest state political gathering in the history of Tennessee, and after a campaign made notable by the bitterness and personal nature of the contest between Mr. Patterson and Governor John H. Cox, incumbent. Judge John R. Bond was also an aspirant but was at no time prominently considered.

JURY DECLARES HER INNOCENT

Josephine Terranova Acquitted of the Murder of Her Aunt.

(Special to The Herald.)

New York, June 1.—Josephine Terranova this afternoon was acquitted of the murder of her aunt, Concetta Riggio. She was not released, however, being remanded to the Tombs to answer to the charge of murdering her uncle, who was killed at the same time as his wife. Assistant District Attorney Ely, who has conducted the prosecution, was unable to say definitely tonight whether or not the second charge would be prosecuted. The jury returned their verdict within sixteen minutes after the court's charge, agreeing on the innocence of the defendant without discussion.

Sympathy of the Women.

The prisoner received the announcement with perfect composure. As she was being led out of court on her way back to the Tombs the girl was followed by a crowd of women, many of whom thrust the officers aside and embraced and kissed her. Outside the Tombs cheers were raised by a throng of hundreds of Italians, to whom the news of the acquittal was made known by the prisoner waiting her handkerchief as she crossed the "bridge of signs" leading to the Tombs.

Prosecution Surprised.

The verdict was received with some surprise by the prosecution from the fact that the killing being admitted, Judge Scott in his charge instructed the jury that, in default of justification which plea he said had not been advanced, and there being little evidence of the abuse alleged as an excuse, except the prisoner's own testimony, they should properly find a verdict of murder in the first degree. The girl had been on trial several weeks.

ARKANSAS SENATOR ARRESTED FOR PERJURY

Little Rock, Ark., June 1.—State Senator F. O. Butt of Carroll county was arrested today on an indictment charging him with perjury. He testified some weeks ago in the "huddle" case, denying he had received any bribes during the last legislature or offered money to any one else. Senator Adams testified that Butt gave \$100 for a vote for the state capital bill. Butt is under indictment in two other cases charging him with "huddling." Senator Butt was chairman of the senate judiciary committee.

INDICTMENTS ANNULLED.

Oklahoma City, Okla., June 1.—Judge Burwell of the district court last night annulled the indictments recently found against city officials here, charging misappropriations of public money. The court held them invalid because the violations of law, if any, were merely technical and for the further reason that they were brought without instruction or knowledge of the court as provided by law.

THE DEATH RECORD.

George W. Sikes.

Butte, Mont., June 1.—George W. Sikes, manager of the Butte Miner, died this morning of Bright's disease, aged 49. He was born on a farm near Bloomington, Ill. His brother, John H. Sikes of Springfield, Ill., is secretary of the Odd Fellows' grand lodge of Illinois. Mr. Sikes was formerly manager of the St. Paul Globe and had long been connected with the daily press of Montana and Colorado.

Ex-Congressman Lockwood.

Albany, N. Y., June 1.—Daniel N. Lockwood, a well-known lawyer and former member of congress, died today.

BLOODY RACE WAR AT CANANEA, MEX.

Town on Fire and the Streets Strewn With Dead and Wounded.

POLICE FORCE WIPED OUT

AMERICANS MAKING DESPERATE FIGHT.

New Orleans, June 1.—The Picayune's special from Bisbee, Ariz., says: News has reached here from Cananea, Mex., of a bloody race war at that place. The town is on fire and streets are strewn with dead and wounded. The Arizona rangers and a large posse of citizens of Bisbee have just left Bisbee for Cananea. At last accounts the fighting was still in progress.

Los Angeles, May 1.—A special to the Times from El Paso says:

Reports from Waco declare that in a riot following a strike of the Mexican miners at the Greene Consolidated mines at Cananea, ten Mexican policemen have been killed together with George McDonald, manager of the lumber department of the mines, and his brother. The entire Cananea police force was wiped out and the Mexicans are in control, being resisted by American miners and citizens, who have surrounded the consolidated property. Thirty strikers are said to have been killed.

Dispatches declare that the town is on fire and that the rioters have used dynamite to blow up the houses of Americans. The situation is regarded as terribly serious and it is thought American Consul Galbraith has asked Washington for protection. Volunteers have been rushed from Bisbee by special train.

Governor Ysabel is on the way from Hermosillo with state troops and General Kosteritzky is on the way from Magdalena with rurales.

Colem C. Green sent his family to Naco but remained at the scene. There are about 2,000 Americans in the town of 23,000.

El Paso, Texas, June 1.—A report is in circulation that all the Mexicans employed at W. C. Greene's mines in Mexico are on strike and that forty have been killed in a riot. The report says that Governor Ysabel of Sonora is en route to the scene with troops and that a request has been made by him for United States troops from Fort Huachuca, Arizona. Greene has left and is in Naco, Arizona, now.

SITUATION DESPERATE.

Forty-Five Americans and Many Mexicans Killed.

Naco, Ariz., June 1.—Forty-five Americans were killed today at Cananea, Mexico, forty miles south of here, where is located the great copper camp of Colonel W. C. Greene. The camp is on fire, and it is reported that the Mexicans are being used dynamite in blowing up the great smelters and mills owned by the Greene company.

The trouble arose at Cananea over the demands of the Mexicans for an increase in wages from \$3.50 to \$5 per day. Parties who left there at 1:30 this afternoon said that Colonel Greene was addressing practically the entire population of the camp in an effort to pacify the excited Mexicans. However, between 4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon the Mexicans opened fire on the Americans, and forty or more were killed.

Help Sent From Bisbee.

Colonel Greene wired at once to Bisbee for all the troops that could be sent to protect the Americans and their property at Cananea. The population of Cananea is 23,000, of which 5,000 are Americans. The families of Colonel Greene arrived here this afternoon, but the colonel remains with his property. Two trains loaded with refugees are now en route here from Cananea and will go to Bisbee.

Bad Blood Exists.

There has been bad blood at Cananea for some time, and only a month ago the home of the superintendent of the mine was dynamited by unknown parties. Yesterday one of the policemen of the city was killed by an American, who claimed it was a personal grievance he had against the Mexican.

Captain Tom Rynning of the Arizona rangers arrived here tonight from Douglas with a posse of his men. All the arms obtainable in Bisbee, Douglas and Naco are now in the hands of the picked "men who are ready to go to Cananea. It is believed that the Mexican officials at Cananea are doing all they can to save life and property. There is great excitement in all the towns along the border as hundreds have relatives and friends in Cananea.

Trainload of Refugees.

At 11:30 tonight a trainload of refugees arrived here from the scene of trouble and confirm the stories received earlier in the evening. It is known that at least a dozen Americans have been killed and fully fifty Mexicans.

George Metcalf, who has charge of the large lumber business of the Greene company, was one of the first men to be killed. The Mexican laborers had been gathering in a great crowd during the day.

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FUNERAL OF THE BOMB VICTIMS

Deadly Missile Certainly Intended for the King and Queen.

ARREST ENGLISH SUSPECT

SPIRIT OF GAIETY HAS VANISHED IN MADRID.

Madrid, June 1.—A member of the civil guard this afternoon recognized Hamilton, the English suspect, as a companion of Manuel Morales on the balcony from which the bomb was thrown at the royal carriage. The two men also were seen together at Barcelona.

The funerals of eight officers and men, the Marquis of Tolosa and her daughter and the Countess of Orferres took place in the presence of a vast concourse. At the cemetery military honors were rendered. The king and the government were represented.

Prince Ferdinand of Bavaria, husband of the Infanta Maria Teresa, visited the hospital this afternoon on behalf of Queen Victoria. Prince Ferdinand talked with the wounded and sent a royal chaplain to comfort and aid them. He also viewed the body of Lieutenant Freudenstadt, the sight of which moved him profoundly.

Programme Carried Out.

Today's programme of receptions and banquets at the palace was carried out, but the spirit of gaiety which should have marked the occasion was absent. By direction of the ministry no flowers were received at the palace today, in consequence of the danger of missiles being concealed in bouquets.

The ministry is considering strict measures for the suppression of anarchism, and probably bills will be presented in the cortes to stamp out the movement. Arrests are being made of all known anarchists without reference to their whereabouts at the time of the bomb explosion yesterday, and each suspect is required to establish his innocence of connection with the outrage.

Several men who were arrested near the scene of the bomb explosion were taken to the municipal laboratory and examined.

Slight Cause for Panic.

The bursting of an automobile tire today in the Puerta del Sol caused a panic which threatened to be serious. The nerves of the people are so tense that the explosion of the tire was believed to be another outrage. There was a mad rush in which women were knocked down and trampled over and cafes were invaded and damaged. Order was restored with difficulty.

Count Romanones, minister of the interior, says the attempt on the lives of the king and queen may be definitely ascribed to anarchism, both in its preparation and execution.

An examination of the royal coach shows it to be badly scarred and damaged. The lamps were shattered.

COURAGE OF THE KING.

Young Monarch Bore Up Well Under the Awful Strain.

Madrid, June 1.—The officials here are beginning to believe that two bombs were thrown at the king and queen yesterday and that the missiles exploded simultaneously with only one vivid flash. The scene which followed was like that witnessed on a battlefield. Corpses, pools of blood and wreckage were strewn upon the ground, the front of the house, No. 88 Mayor street, before which the explosion occurred, was covered with holes and blood dripped from the curtains of a window on the first floor. In the apartment of the Duke of Ahumada the Marchioness Tolosa and her daughter were killed. One body was jammed in the balcony railing and was removed with difficulty.

Surrounded by Police.

No. 88 Mayor street and all the nearby houses were surrounded by police, who prevented ingress or egress until they had been thoroughly searched. A tenant on the third floor and a young man who was leaving the house were among those arrested. The crowd tried to lynch the prisoners and the police only prevented it by charging. Numbers of people hurried to the scene to seek news of relatives but they were not allowed to enter the buildings. The Marquis of Tolosa, ignorant of the death of his wife, was one of those who arrived and the guards at first refused to admit him. Finally, however, he was allowed to enter and a heartrending scene followed.

The coolness of the young king was marvelous. On reaching the palace after the explosion he sent adjutants to assist the wounded and later sent officers among the families of the victims doing everything possible to console with and assist the sufferers.

Anxious Moments.

Queen Christina, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Archduke and Archduchess Francis Ferdinand of Austria, had already reached the palace and were waiting for the king and queen with the infants. When some time elapsed without the royal coach

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If you've a neat little cottage and a neat little yard, send your name to O. L. Cox at the Y. M. C. A. and enter for the Civic Improvement contest.

Raymond Eldredge of Lincoln school got yesterday's dollar